

A 2.0 kg solid sphere ($r = 0.10\text{ m}$) is released from rest at the top of a ramp and allowed to roll without slipping. The ramp is 0.75 m high and 5.3 m long. When the sphere reaches the bottom of the ramp, what is

- 1) the total kinetic energy,
- 2) the rotational kinetic energy,
- 3) the translational kinetic energy?

$$\Delta E = 0$$

$$0 = E_f - E_i$$

$$E_f = E_{k_R} + E_{k_T}$$

$$E_i = E_g$$

$$E_f = E_i$$

$$E_{k_R} + E_{k_T} = E_g$$

1)

$$E_{KR} + E_{KT} = E_g = mgh = 2.0\text{kg} \left(9.81\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}\right) 0.75\text{m}$$

$$= 14.72\text{J}$$

$$\boxed{= 15\text{J}}$$

2)

$$\frac{1}{2} I \omega^2 + \frac{1}{2} m v^2 = E_g$$

$$I = \frac{2}{5} m r^2$$

$$\omega = \frac{v}{r}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2}{5} m r^2\right) \left(\frac{v^2}{r^2}\right) + \frac{1}{2} m v^2 = E_g$$

$$\frac{1}{5} m v^2 + \frac{1}{2} m v^2 = E_g$$

$$.7 m v^2 = E_g$$

$$\frac{.2}{.7} = 0.286 \quad \text{fraction of } E_{KR}$$

$$0.286 (14.72\text{J}) = \boxed{4.2\text{J}}$$

3)

$$E_T - E_{KR} = E_{KT}$$

$$14.5\text{J} - 4.2\text{J} = 10.5\text{J}$$

$$\boxed{11\text{J}}$$